

Zero Emission Vessels

Dr. Joseph Pratt, CEO & CTO
GOLDEN GATE ZERO EMISSION MARINE

5th ICCT Workshop on Marine Black Carbon Emissions September 19, 2018 San Francisco, CA



Sandia Zero Emission Maritime Work: maritime.sandia.gov



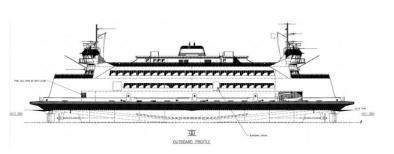
SF-BREEZE High Speed Ferry



Portable Port Power



ZERO/V Research Vessel



Cost and Emissions Optimization



On-Board Safety



Practical Limits of Technology



Regulatory Drivers: It's not just IMO

Report: 28 of 100 World's Largest Ports Offer Incentives for Green Ships



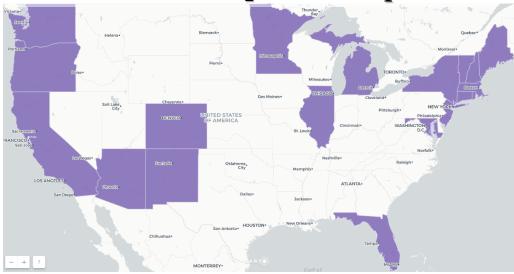
first zero emissions control area (ZECA)

Today, 28 of the 100 world's largest ports in terms of total cargo volume handled offer incentives for environmentally-friendly ships, a new report released by the International Transport Forum (ITF) shows.

Greenhouse gas emissions from shipping currently represent around 2.6% of total global emissions. Without reduction measures, this share could more than triple by 2050.

Norway Mandates World's First Zero-Emission ECA for No Later Than 2026 Friday May 4, 2018 Share in Share Tweet Follow 6,149 followers Norway has set its sights on creating the world's

US states with CO₂ reduction policies



Governments with Carbon Taxes:

British Columbia, Chile, Costa Rica, Denmark, Finland, France, Iceland, Ireland, Japan, Mexico, Norway, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, UK



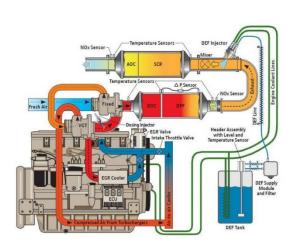
Emission Reduction Technology Options

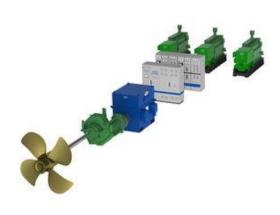
Tier 4 Diesel

Electric Hybrid

LNG

All-electric Battery or Hydrogen Fuel Cell









NOx: 0

SOx: 0

 CO_2 : 0

NOx: Low

SOx: Low

CO₂: no change

(0 if biofuel)

NOx: Low

SOx: Low

CO₂: 10%-40% lower

NOx: Low

SOx: 0

 CO_2 : +/- 10%

Now

Next

Bridge

Final



Many kinds of vessels can be powered by zero emission propulsion systems

















Batteries and fuel cells offer complimentary solutions, enabling all kinds of vessels to run with zero emissions

Best Application Space



Higher Power

Battery

Fuel Cell





Lower Power

Either

Fuel Cell

Shorter Longer Range



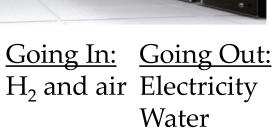


Fuel cell: Directly converts hydrogen to electricity, and is used all around us today.









Water Heat (150 F) Warm humid air













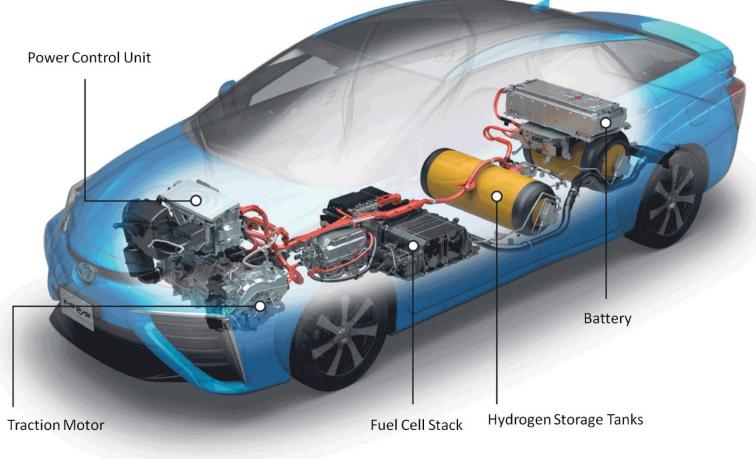






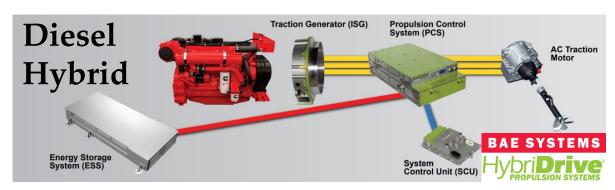
How a fuel cell car works

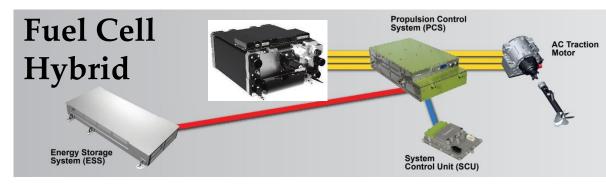






Marine hydrogen fuel cell systems can use off-the-shelf technology







Enhydra



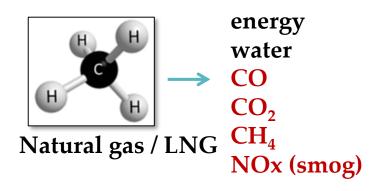
Matthew Turner



Water-Go-Round



Hydrogen: Similar to natural gas, but does not contain carbon. It is also the lightest gas.





Hydrogen / LH₂

- Non-toxic
- Not a GHG
- No possible water contamination if spilled

Travels upward at ~45 mph (8 stories in 5 seconds)







Most hydrogen today is made from natural gas, and has emissions during production. But 100% zero-carbon hydrogen is available and supply is growing.

Wind

Renewable Wastewater Reformation methane H_2 Renewable Landfill Liquefaction/ hydrogen Pressurization H_2 Solar Renewable Electrolysis electricity



Ways to Store Hydrogen for Transportation

High pressure gas

~2,000 psi steel or aluminum



5,000-10,000 psi carbon fiber composite tanks



• Liquid (-253 C)



Experimental





Hydrogen vessels can be fueled in ways similar to conventional fuels or LNG



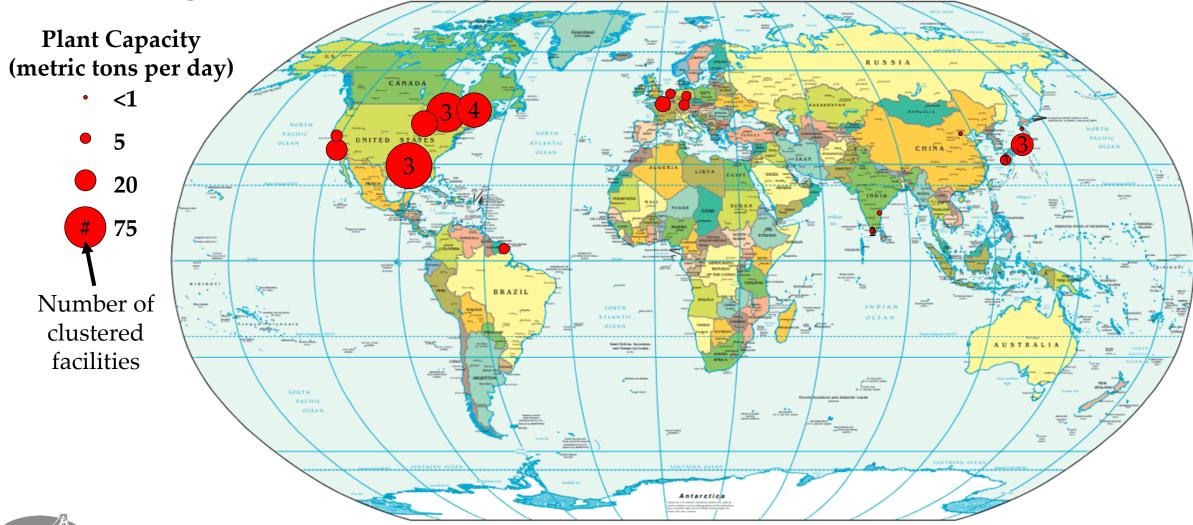








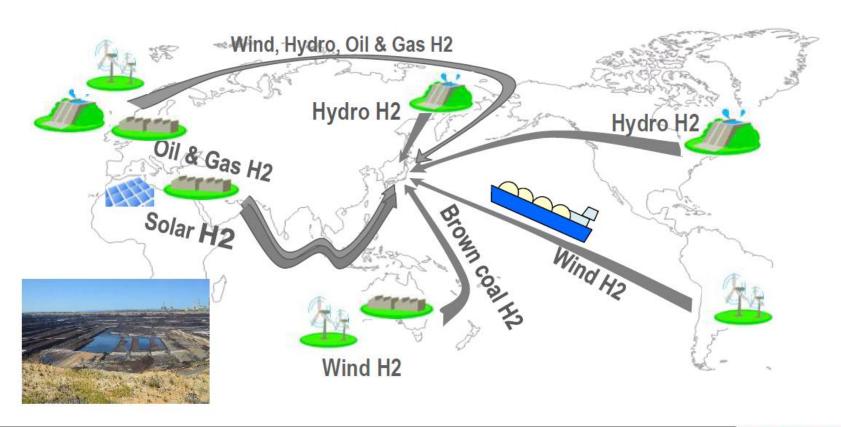
Existing Liquid Hydrogen Production Facilities



Global LH₂ production is expected to ramp up

Hydrogen Energy Consuming Society in Japan

Potential from Overseas







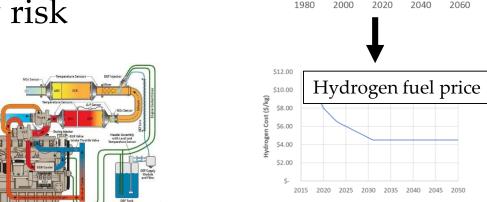
FC electric drive is not just about emissions

- Eliminate fuel price increases and volatility risk
- Less complicated on-board systems
- Less frequent and simpler maintenance
- Lower total cost of ownership
- No noise or exhaust = happier riders and customers
- Green marketing
- Higher revenue



Diesel Engine:

100's of moving parts





\$4.00

Fuel cell: < 5 moving parts

Diesel fuel price





Cleaner
Lower Cost
Better

Learn More

Visit

ggzeromarine.com
watergoround.com

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