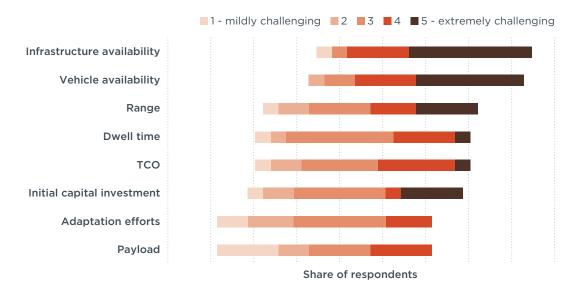
SEPTEMBER 2022

Accelerating the deployment of zero-emission trucks in Europe

In Europe, the significant contribution of road freight to overall greenhouse gas emissions means there is a growing appeal to transition to fleets of zero-emission trucks. However, due to a number of perceived barriers, ambitions have not yet crystalized into a strong deployment of such vehicles. These perceived barriers include concerns about model availability and technical, financial, and operational impediments. However, there are a number of actions that can be taken to address these concerns and hasten the transition to zero-emission trucking.



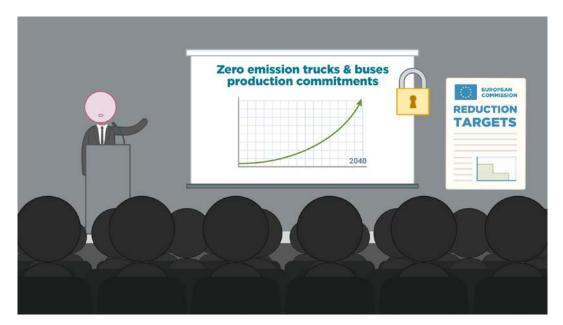


Based on our consultation with members of the European Clean Trucking Alliance (ECTA), we recommend the following to accelerate the deployment of zero-emission trucks in Europe:

» Continue to build knowledge on zero-emission trucking technology by addressing knowledge gaps remaining in several stages of the vehicles' life cycle.

New vehicle Extensive purchase knowledge		Some viedge gaps Becond-hand market kno	Little wledge
 New vehicle purchase price √ Payload capacity √ Vehicle range ? 	 Energy costs √ Maintenance √ Charging requirements Real-world energy consumption ? Battery and fuel cell degradation × 	 Optimal duration of first ownership × Vehicle residual value × 	
\checkmark good understanding	some uncertainty	× significant knowledge gaps	

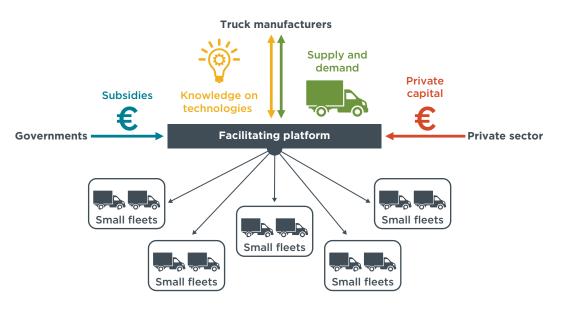
- Increase access to charging and refueling infrastructure via increased collaboration between fleet owners, truck manufacturers, utilities, and infrastructure providers. Charging at the depot can cover a large portion of fleets' energy needs.
- Increase vehicle supply and model diversity through binding CO₂ regulation. The revision of the heavy-duty CO₂ emission standards planned for November 2022 is an opportunity for the EU to enshrine the ambitions of manufacturers for zero-emission trucks into binding regulation.



» Support diverse business models to help overcome financial challenges. Solutions such as trucking-as-a-service and charging-as-a-service can facilitate the transition to zero-emission trucking.

	Truck ownership	Infrastructure ownership	7 H ₂ 7 Operational expenses	Payment
Traditional ownership	Carrier	Carrier	Carrier	One-off upfront payment
Leasing	Carrier/manufacturer	Carrier	Carrier	Fixed monthly payment
Trucking-as-a-service (TaaS)	Service provider	Service provider	Carrier	Fixed monthly payment
Pay as you drive	Service provider	Service provider	Carrier	Monthly fee based on usage
Charging-as-a-service (CaaS)	Carrier	Service provider	Carrier	Fixed monthly payment

» Facilitate the access of small fleets to the zero-emission truck market. Third-party organizations can provide a platform to give those companies access to the zero-emission truck market, which can also boost the market and reduce risk for OEMs.



Develop best practices through enhanced collaboration between stakeholders. Strategic partnerships between shippers, logistics providers, and their transport partners provide a collaborative environment, particularly as sustainability criteria for shipping contracts become common practice. In addition, knowledge gaps can be closed by sharing feedback from early adopters of zero-emission trucks to other transport partners.

PUBLICATION DETAILS

Title: Road freight decarbonization in Europe: Readiness of the European fleets for zero-emission trucking

Authors: Pierre-Louis Ragon and Felipe Rodríguez

Download: https://theicct.org/publication/road-freight-decarbonization-europe-sep22/

Contact: Pierre-Louis Ragon, p.ragon@theicct.org

2022 © INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL ON CLEAN TRANSPORTATION

communications@theicct.org twitter @theicct

www.theicct.org

